cases of milk adultered with foreign fat, urea and sodium hydroxide. Sodium hydroxide destroys tissues and causes vomiting whereas urea exerts a diuretic action.

The names of suppliers of adulterated milk raided by the Food Health Authority of Haryana are:

(i) Shri Pawan Kumar.
S/o Shri Raj Kishan, Bragi Dharamshala, Milk Dairy, Kurukshetra.

(ii) Shri San tosh,
S/o Shri Raj Sarup, Bhansi Majra, Dairy near Birla Mandir Chowk, Kurukshetra.

(iii) Shri Sarvjeet Singh Urf Pappu,
S/o Shri Dalip Singh, House No. 669/7, New Colony, Kurukshetra.

(iv) Shri Ashwani Kumar,
S/o Shri Jai Bhagwan, Jai Dairy, Old Tehsil, Kurukshetra.

Cases have also been reported by Punjab State but the names have not been supplied.

(e) Prosecutions have been launched against the defaulters.

Setting up of India Brand Promotion Fund

556. SHRIMATI VEENA VERMA:
SHRI SUSHILKUMAR SAMBHAJIRAO SHINDE:

Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state:

(a) whether as a measure to promote India's, image in international market Government have decided to set up an India brand Promotion funds; and

(b) if so, broad details and main features thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY INDUSTRY (SMT. KRISHNA SAHI): (a) Yes, Sir. There is a proposal for establishing what may be termed as "India Brand Fund" which will focus attention on efforts to" access new markets and improve the competitiveness of Indian Products and Services.

(b) The formation of "India Brand Fund" is still under consideration of the Government.

Merger of armed forces with Ministry

557. PROF. VIJAY KUMAR MALHOTRA:
SHRIMATI KAMLA SINHA:

Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether the attention of Government has been drawn to the news item captioned "Armed Forces seek merger of Ministry, Service Headquarters; Integration will save Rs. 500 Crores annually" apearing in the Times of India dated 9th June, 1995;

(b) if so, the facts thereof; and

(c) the reaction of the Government thereto?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF DEFENCE (SHRI MALLIKARJUN): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) This is part of the proposals submitted to the Vth Pay Commission by the three Services. No such proposal has been made to the Ministry of Defence from Services Headquarters.

(c) In view of the above, question does not arise.

गुजरात में स्थापित औद्योगिक इकाइयां

558. **श्री अनन्तराय देवशंकर दवे** : क्या उद्योग मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि:

(क) गुजरात में सातवीं पंचवर्षीय योजना के अंत तक कितनी बड़ी औद्योगिक इकाइंया स्थापित की गई,

(ख) क्या राज्य में कुछ और इकाइयां स्थापित करने की पर्याप्त संभावनाएं हैं,

(ग) यदि हां, तो आठवीं पंचवर्षीय योजना के दौरान सरकार द्वारा इस संबंध में क्या कदम उठाए गए हैं, और

(घ) गुजरात में आठवीं पंचवर्षीय योजना के दौरान कितनी बड़ी इकाइयों की स्थापना की गई है?

w **उद्योग मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्रीमती कृष्णा साही) :** (क) से (घ) सातवीं पंचवर्षीय योजना और आठवीं पंचवर्षीय योजनावधि में गुजरात में विभिन्न उद्योगों की स्थापना उद्योगों की स्थापना के लिए मंजूर किये गये आशय पत्रों व औद्योगिक लाइसेंसों की संख्या इस प्रकार है :

अवधि	आशय-पत्र	औद्योगिक लाइसेंस
सातवीं पंचवर्षीय योजना (1985-1990)	514	270
(1990-91) वार्षिक योजना	180	66
(1991-92)	258	70
आठवीं पंचवर्षीय योजना (1992-1997) (जून, 1995 तक)		
कुल:	952	406

उपर्युक्त के अलावा, गुजरात में लाइसेंसमुक्त क्षेत्र में उद्योगों की स्थापना करने के लिए अगस्त, 1991 से जून, 1995 के बीच कुल 3000 औद्योगिक उद्यमी ज्ञापन भी दायर किये गये हैं।

अपने राज्य में निवेश को आकर्षित करने के लिए औद्योगिक वातावरण में सुधार करने की जिम्मेदारी राज्य सरकार की होती है। भरत सरकार ने विकास केन्द्र योजना चलाई है जिसे तहत गुजरात को तीन केन्द्र आवंटित किये गये हैं। इस केन्द्रों में बुनियादी सुविधाओं का विकास करने के लिए 31.3.1995 ताक 62.73 करोड़ रुपये जारी किये गये हैं।

Persons Suffering from Tuberculosis

559. SHRI O.P. KOHLI: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to refer to answer to Unstarred Question 4736 given in the Rajya Sabha on 4th May, 1995 and state:

(a) the number of persons who are suffering from active T.B. in our country at present and the number of patients among them who are highly infactious;

(b) the number of districts where T.B. Centres have been set up so far and the number of centres out of them where short-course treatment with more affective drugs is provided;

(c) whether Government have failed to launch T.B. Eradication Programme on a war footing and if so, the reasons therefor; and

(d) the special efforts proposed to be made to rid the country of the scourage of T.B.?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (DR. C. SILVERA): (a) In India 14 millions people are estimated to be suffering from active tuberculosis of which about 4 millions are highly infectious sputum positive cases.

(b) The District TB Centres have been set up in 391 districts out of which in 284 districts Short Courses Chemotherapy has been introduced.

(c) and (d) The National Tuberculosis Control Programme launched by the Govt, in 1962 has succeeded in reducing mortality rate. Childhood TB and serious form of Tuberculosis in adults are on the decline. The special efforts being made to combat the disease are by expanding the National Tuberculosis Control Programme and through its effective implementation. A revised strategy to detect TB eases through quality microscopy and to achieve 85% cure rate among new sputum positive cases and Directly Observed Therapy (DOT) of more effective short course chemotherapy is being tested in selected project areas in five districts and ten cities.

Rural Development in Backward Districts Punjab

560. SHRI IQBAL SINGH: Will the Minuter of RURAL AREAS AND EMPLOYMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government propose to launch some new rural development schemes in Punjab, particularly in the backward districts of the State during the current financial year;

(b) if so, the details thereof;

(c) if not, the reasons therefor; and